

# REED CITY AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY REED CITY, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



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# Vredeveld Haefner LLC

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

December 6, 2024

Members of the Library Board Reed City Area District Library Reed City, Michigan

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Reed City Area District Library (the Library) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Library, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Library and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
  period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 6 and budgetary comparison information on page 23 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

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#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### **About the Library**

The Reed City Area District Library (the "Library") is comprised of the participating municipalities of the City of Reed City, Lincoln Township and Richmond Township within the County of Osceola, Michigan. It also serves the contracting municipalities of Hersey Township, the Village of Hersey and Cedar Charter Township, all within the County of Osceola, Michigan, as well as Green Charter Township within Mecosta, County, Michigan. The Library was established and organized as a District Library under the District Library Establishment Act (Act 24 of 1989) in 2014. The Library is governed by a six-member Board with each participating entity appointing two members.

#### **Financial Highlights**

• The Library continues to make additional principal payments toward the outstanding note payable. The note will be fully paid in fiscal year 2024-2025.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Library's basic financial statements. The Library's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

#### Government-wide financial statements

The fund and government-wide financial statements have been presented separately with a schedule presenting reconciling items between the General fund and the government-wide statement presentation.

The *Government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Library's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Library's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Library is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Library's net position changed during the most recent fiscal period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Library that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The Library currently has no business-type activities.

#### **Fund financial statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Library, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Library only utilizes governmental funds.

#### Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal period. Such information may be useful in evaluating a Library's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Library's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Library maintains one governmental fund. Information is presented in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General fund which is considered a major fund.

The Library adopts an annual appropriations budget for its General fund as required by state law. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided as required supplementary information for the General fund to demonstrate legal compliance.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This includes this discussion and analysis as well as a budgetary comparison schedule which is provided for the General fund to demonstrate compliance with the annual appropriated budget.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

#### **Statement of Net Position**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Library's financial position. At the close of the most recent fiscal year, assets exceeded liabilities by \$672,165. The following table illustrates the composition of net position.

	Net Position	
	<u>2024</u>	2023
Current and other assets	\$201,239	\$237,421
Capital assets	506,408	549,184
Total assets	707,647	786,605
_		
Current and other liabilities	35,482	12,304
Long-term liabilities		84,695
Total liabilities	35,482	96,999
Net position		
Net Investment in capital assets	482,364	464,489
Unrestricted	189,801	225,117
Total net position	\$672,165	\$689,606
	<del>4072,100</del>	<b>\$505,000</b>

Approximately 28% of the Library's net position reflects unrestricted net position which is available for future operation while the remaining 72% of net position is invested in capital assets (e.g., buildings, furniture, equipment and collections materials), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Library uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

#### **Statement of Activities**

The Library's total revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was \$218,837 while total cost of all programs and services was \$236,278. This results in a decrease in net position of \$17,441.

The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the years ended June 30.

Changes in Net Position				
-	2024	<u>2023</u>		
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 7,720	\$ 7,447		
Operating grants and contributions	14,550	30,696		
Capital grants and contributions	-	_		
General revenues				
Property taxes	160,266	157,529		
County penal fines	32,209	30,007		
Interest earnings	92	95		
Other general revenues	4,000	1,401		
Total revenues	218,837	227,175		
Functions/program expenses				
Library	236,195	219,121		
Interest on long-term debt	83	1,494		
Total expenses	236,278	220,615		
Change in net position	(17,441)	6,560		
Net position, beginning of year	689,606	683,046		
Net position, end of year	\$672,165	\$689,606		

During 2024, property taxes increased \$2,737 as a result of an increase in taxable value and county penal fines increased slightly during the year.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental funds**

The focus of the Library's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Library's financing requirements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Library. At the end of the current fiscal period, fund balance amounted to \$192,742. Of this amount, \$72,644 was set aside (assigned) to meet the 2024-25 budget requirements and \$117,875 remained available as unassigned fund balance. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare fund balance to fund expenditures. Total fund balance represents 85% of total current year general fund expenditures.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

Expenditures exceeded the budget in the area of benefits due to increased wages. The budget was amended during the year to accommodate additional expenditures in the areas of contractual, supplies, and books.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital assets

During the year the Library had capital asset additions related to collection materials totaling \$15,526. Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

#### **Long-term Debt**

The Library made principal payments on the note payable during the year totaling \$60,651. Additional information on long-term debt can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates**

The Library Board reviews previous revenue sources and amounts received to estimate the next year's revenues. The Library Board reviews historical costs and potential cost saving measures, and desired improvements to determine the best course of action for the library over the coming years. In addition, the 2024 taxable value for the Library is expected to increase resulting in slightly higher tax revenues, and wages are expected to increase to meet minimum wage requirements.

#### **Contacting the Library Management**

This management discussion and analysis provides an overview of the current and prospective financial condition of the Library's operations and financial position. If there are questions concerning this report or if additional information is desired, please contact the Library Director at 231-832-2131.



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# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# JUNE 30, 2024

	Primary Government Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash	\$ 176,551
Accounts receivable	703
Due from other governments	21,762
Prepaid items Capital assets	2,223
Depreciable capital assets, net	506,408
	707.047
Total assets	707,647
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	3,327
Accrued liabilities	5,771
Compensated absences	2,340
Debt due within one year	24,044
Total liabilities	35,482
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	482,364
Unrestricted	189,801
Total net position	\$ 672,165

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# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>		Program narges Services	Ope Gra	nues erating ints and ributions		(Expense) Revenue
Governmental activities Library Interest on long-term debt	\$	236,195 83	\$ 7,720	\$	14,550	\$	(213,925) (83)
Total	\$	236,278	\$ 7,720	\$	14,550		(214,008)
General revenues Property taxes County penal fines Interest earnings Other general revenues							160,266 32,209 92 4,000
Total general revenues						40°00°00°00°00°00°00°00°00°00°00°00°00°0	196,567
Change in net position							(17,441)
Net position, beginning of year							689,606
Net position, end of year						\$	672,165

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

# JUNE 30, 2024

Assets	General <u>Fund</u>
Cash Accounts receivable Due from other governments Prepaid items	\$ 176,556 70: 21,762 2,22:
Total assets	\$ 201,23
Liabilities and fund balance Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 3,32
Total liabilities	5,17 <sup>0</sup> 8,49
Fund balance Nonspendable Assigned	2,22
Subsequent year expenditures Unassigned	72,64 117,87
Total fund balance	192,74
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 201,23

# RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# JUNE 30, 2024

Fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 192,742
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Add - capital assets (net)	506,408
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deduct - note payable Deduct - accrued interest Deduct - accrued compensated absences	 (24,044) (601) (2,340)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 672,165

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Revenues	(	General <u>Fund</u>
Taxes	\$	160,266
Intergovernmental	Φ	100,200
State revenues		6,898
County penal fees		32,209
Fees and charges		7,720
Donations		7,652
Interest		92
Miscellaneous		4,000
		1,000
Total revenues		218,837
Expenditures		
Current		
Personnel		
Salary and wages		95,552
Benefits		7,850
Contractual		52,820
Supplies and other		22,589
Books, audio and video		7,703
Miscellaneous		1,167
Capital outlay		6,356
Debt service		
Principal		60,651
Interest		1,599
Total expenditures		256,287
Net changes in fund balance		(37,450)
Fund balance, beginning of year		230,192
Fund balance, end of year	\$	192,742

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(37,450)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Add - capital outlay  Deduct - depreciation expense		15,526 (58,302)
Repayment of note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Add - principal payment on bond payable		60,651
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.		
Add - decrease in accrued interest Add - decrease in compensated absences	***************************************	1,516 618
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(17,441)

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Reed City Area District Library, Reed City, Michigan (the "Library") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies.

#### Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Reed City Area District Library. There are no component units to be included. The criteria for including a component unit include significant operational or financial relationships with the Library.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported in total. The Library has no business-type or fiduciary activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Governmental funds are accounted for using the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for reimbursement-based grants, penal fines, and interest which use a one-year collection period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include: (1) principal and interest on long-term debt (2) payment for compensated absences, which are recognized when due.

Governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "flow of financial resources" measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance is considered a measure of "available, spendable resources".

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available, spendable resources" during a period.

The Library reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the operating fund of the Library. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

Comparisons to budget are presented for the General fund. The Library follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April 1, the Library Director submits to the Library Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General fund.
- 5. The budget for the General fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Adoption and amendments of all budgets used by the Library are governed by Michigan Law. The appropriations ordinances are based on the projected expenditures budget of the various functions of the Library. Any amendment to the original budget must meet the requirements of Michigan Law. The Library amended its budget during the year. Any revisions that alter the expenditures at the activity level within the General fund must be approved by the Library Board.

Budgets for expenditures are adopted on an object basis. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Library Board.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### Deposits and Investments

State statutes authorize the Library to invest in:

- a. Bond, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended.

The Library's investment policy is more restrictive than state requirements and allows for investment in only those investment vehicles identified in item b. above.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and, equipment are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value (the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with an equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction) on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Depreciation on capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	20
Collections	7
Furniture and fixtures	5-10

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **Compensated Absences**

Under the Library's personnel policy and employment agreements, individual employees have a vested right to receive payments for unused vacation leave under formulas and conditions specified in the policy. Accumulated leave of the General fund is recorded on the statement of net position and not on the General fund balance sheet because it is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Changes in compensated absences during the period were as follows:

	Balance July 1, <u>2023</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2024</u>
Compensated absences	\$2,958	\$ -	\$618	\$2,340

#### **Property Taxes**

The Library receives an operating millage from the City and two townships within their service area. Property taxes are levied and become an enforceable lien on December 1. Taxes are payable by February 15. Real property taxes not collected as of March 1 are turned over to the County for collection, which advances the Library 100% of the delinquent real property taxes. Collection of delinquent personal property taxes remains the responsibility of the City and townships. The Library also received a payment in lieu of property taxes from the State of Michigan for property located within a renaissance zone. Property tax revenues are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

#### Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenues

Grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenue when entitlement occurs. Reimbursement-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditure/expenses are incurred.

#### Net Position and Fund Balance Reporting

Governmental funds may report fund balance in the following five categories:

- 1. Non-spendable the related asset's form does not allow expenditure of the balance. The assets are either (a) not in a spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance would be equal to inventory, prepaid items, non-current financial assets, and the nonspendable portion of endowments.
- 2. Restricted the related assets can only be spent for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or as identified in enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose identified by formal resolution of the governing board.
- 4. Assigned the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed.
- 5. Unassigned is the residual classification and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The Library Board has not delegated the authority to assign fund balance. Only the Library Board can assign or commit fund balance.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### Net Position and Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position/fund balance and unrestricted – net position/fund balance, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resource as they are needed. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements the long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures/expenses regardless of fund or activity.

#### Risk Management

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Library carried commercial insurance to cover risks of losses. The Library has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded their commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 2. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS IN BUDGETARY FUNDS

PA. 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

In the body of the financial statements, the Library's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the General fund have been shown at the object level, the same level at which the budgets of the Library were adopted. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Library incurred expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

General Fund	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance (Unfavorable)
Personnel			
Benefits	\$ 6,690	\$ 7,850	\$ (1,160)

#### 3. DEPOSITS

The balance on the financial statements for cash is \$176,551. This balance is in a financial institution located in Michigan. State policy limits the Library's investing options to financial institutions located in Michigan. All accounts are in the name of the Library and are recorded in Library records at fair value.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned. As of year-end, the Library's bank balance was \$176,551 which was fully covered by Federal deposit insurance.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2024
Governmental activities	2020	Additions	Deletions	2024
Capital assets being depreciated				
Building and improvements	\$788,667	\$ -	\$ -	\$788,667
Collections	68,394	7,703	· <u>-</u>	76,097
Furniture and fixtures	72,025	7,823	_	79,848
Total capital assets, being depreciated	929,086	15,526	-	944,612
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Building and improvements	311,193	39,433	_	350,626
Collections	25,556	11,067	_	36,623
Furniture and fixtures	43,153	7,802	_	50,955
Total accumulated depreciation	379,902	58,302	-	438,204
Net capital assets being depreciated	549,184	(42,776)		506,408
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$549,184	\$(42,776)	\$	\$506,408

Depreciation expense of \$58,302 was charged to the library's functions/programs of governmental activities.

#### 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

	Balance July 1, <u>2023</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2024</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Direct placements debt  Building renovation note payable; due in annual installments of \$54,844 including					
interest at 2.5% through October 2025	\$84,695	\$	- \$60,651	\$24,044	\$24,044

The annual requirements to amortize the note payable as of June 30 are as follows:

	Principal	Interest
2025	\$24,044	\$601
Total	\$24,044	\$601

In the event of default, the Library will be required to use money from its General fund or levy an ad valorem tax sufficient to pay the obligation, subject to applicable constitutional, statutory and charter limitations.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### 6. TAX ABATEMENTS

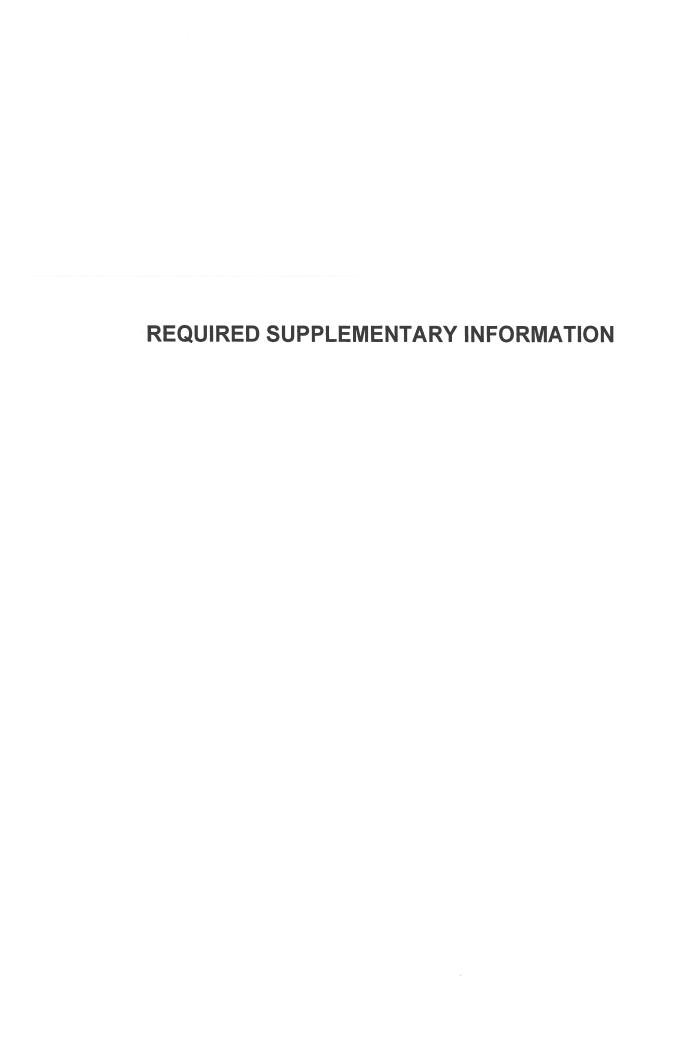
The Library received reduced property tax revenues as a result of property tax abatements agreements granted by the City of Reed City with local businesses under the Commercial Redevelopment Act, (known as the Commercial Facilities Exemption), PA 255 of 1978, as amended, which affords a tax incentive for the redevelopment of commercial property for the primary purpose and use of a commercial business enterprise. The property must be located within an established Commercial Redevelopment District. Exemptions are approved for a term of 1-12 years as determined by the local unit of government and the taxable value is frozen for the duration of the certificate. For restored facilities, the property taxes are based upon the previous year's (prior to restoration) taxable value and 100% of the mills levied. For new or replacement facilities, the property taxes are based upon the current year's taxable value and 50% of the mills levied. The agreements entered into by the City of Reed City include claw back provisions should the recipient of the tax abatement fail to fully meet its commitments, such as employment levels and timelines for relocation.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Library's property tax revenue reduced by this type of abatement was not significant.

The Library received reduced property taxes as a result of property tax abatements granted by the City of Reed City through agreements with a local business under the New Personal Property Exemption Act, PA 328 of 1998, as amended, which affords a 100% property tax exemption for specific businesses located within eligible distressed communities. The property must be located within an established Industrial Development District. Exemptions are approved for a term of 12 years as determined by the local unit of government and the taxable value is exempted for the duration of the certificate.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Library's property tax revenues were reduced by approximately \$46,300 based on undepreciated personal property values.

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# GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amount		Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	151,860	\$	151,161	\$	160,266	\$	9,105
Intergovernmental								
State grants		6,800		6,800		6,898		98
County penal fees		30,615		30,615		32,209		1,594
Fees and charges		6,125		6,695		7,720		1,025
Donations		13,625		10,825		7,652		(3,173)
Interest		80		80		92		12
Miscellaneous		1,000		4,000		4,000		
Total revenues		210,105		210,176		218,837		8,661
Expenditures								
Current								
Personnel								
Salary and wages		115,362		112,774		95,552		17,222
Benefits		6,550		6,690		7,850		(1,160)
Contractual		47,616		52,879		52,820		59
Supplies and other		15,380		23,364		22,589		775
Books, audio and video		11,500		12,550		7,703		4,847
Miscellaneous		1,750		1,796		1,167		629
Capital outlay		20,000		20,000		6,356		13,644
Debt service								
Principal		63,000		63,000		60,651		2,349
Interest		6,370	_	3,869		1,599		2,270
Total expenditures		287,528		296,922		256,287		40,635
Net changes in fund balance		(77,423)		(86,746)		(37,450)		49,296
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	230,192		230,192		230,192		_
Fund balance, end of year	\$	152,769	\$	143,446	\$	192,742	\$	49,296

#### Note to required supplementary information

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The Library adopts an annual budget for the general fund following the GAAP basis of accounting. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end.

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